THE Superior Court of Montana, on the 21st, decided the Silver Bow County contest in favor of John B. Lloyd, the Republican contestant.

GEORGE PATTERSON, his wife and two children, of Salineville, O., while standing under a tree during a storm, on the 23d, were instantly killed by light-

DRENCHING rains have fallen over the entire spring wheat area of Minnesota and the crop is saved. The end of the drought was made a subject of pub-

SENATOR INGALLS is preparing a speech upon the Western farm mortgage question, and to that end is obtaining data from various county officers in Kansas.

THE gunboat Thrush, commanded by Prince George, son of the Prince of Wales, sailed from England, on the 22d, to join the British naval squadron in American waters.

THE Atchison railroad management, on the 23d, issued a circular to its stockholders announcing the purchase of a controling interest of the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad.

THE Supreme Court of the United States refused, on the 23d, to interfere with the judgment and sentence of the lower court in the case of Kemmler, the New York wife murderer.

A MAN who had accepted 50,000 francs to murder Dr. Herz, one of the wealthiest and most prominent residents of Paris, repented before committing the deed, and warned the doctor of his dan-

The chief opponent of the imposition of import taxation in the Congo State, is, singularly enough, the highly-protected United States Government, which is contesting the competency of the conference to impose the proposed tax-

An explosion occurred in the burning Neilson mine at Shamokin, Pa., on the 20th, which shot fire and debris from the shaft to the height of a hundred feet. No one was injured, but the damage to the property can not yet be estimated.

Joseph Doane, of Yardley, Pa., was, on the 21st, convicted of selling liquor to two students of the Carlisle Indian school and sentenced to pay a fine of \$1,000 and costs, and undergo an imprisonment of six months in the Doyles-

GENERAL ALGER, Commander-in-Chief of the G. A. R., presided at the Monument at Newport, R. I., on the

men took part. FLETCHER HARPER, a member of the publishing firm of Harper Bros., and a son of Fletcher Harper, the youngest of the original four brothers who established the publishing house, died at his residence in New York, on the 22d, aged sixty-two years.

THE policy of Chancelor Von Caprivi comprehends a scheme for the levving of an especial tax upon Germans, residents in the country, who are ineligible for military service, and upon those subjects of the empire who hold their residence abroad.

Mr. J. A. Abrahams, of Virginia, deputy comptroler of the currency, re- the preference, if any, being for Turkey, New York City to fill the position of order named. cashier of the Southern National Bank -formerly the Commercial National

Bank-of that city. GEORGE S. TURNER was arrested in New York City, on the night of the 19th, on a telegram from the chief of police of Seattle, Wash., charging him fund raised for the sufferers by the late

conflagration in that city. MRS. ELLEN G. WHARTON, formerly a resident of Baltimore, died near Philadelphia, on the 19th, aged about seventy years. She attracted National attention twenty years ago as defendant in a case in which she was charged with poisoning a retired army officer.

A TRAVELING dentist visited Lima, O., a short time ago with a new system of extracting teeth. All of his patients were taken with blood poisoning. Nathan Gore died, on the 18th, and S. K. Krauss, Mary Cones and many others

THE remains of the late President James A. Garfield were quietly removed from the public vault in Lake View Cemetery, Cleveland, O., early on the morning of the 20th, to the crypt in the Garfield Memorial, which will be dedicated to the memory of the late President with great pomp and ceremony on the 30th.

THE National convention of colored men in session in Washington, on the 4th perfected a permanent organization by the election of Rev. J. C. Price, of drive them out. North Carolina, as president, and W. C. tion, was also selected.

The persistent agitation of the crofters in the County of Caithness, the most northerly portion of the mainland of Scotland, has resulted in an enormous reduction of their rents, in many cases to the extent of practically restoring the condition which existed when the land was held in common by

Theodore Neubauer, a fifteen-yearold boy of Madison, Wis., for whom the police had been looking for several days for the theft of thirty-seven dol. Pneumatic Dynamite Gun Company, of Loss, \$50,000 to \$75,000; insurance, \$20,lars from his brother, was seen on the New York City, to be delivered at the | 000. This is the third serious fire, all street, on the 22d, and a policeman was League Island Navy Yard at Philadel- of incendiary origin, within three about to arrest him when he drew a re- phia.

the various communities.

cided three contests, on the 23d, one in | be one of the largest in the world.

A Summary of Important Events.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS

In the Senate, on the 19th, consideration of the Silver bill was resumed, Mr. Dolph speaking at great length against the bill, and Messrs. Teller and Mitchell speaking in its favor In the House conciliatory speeches closed up the breach which the Bynum episode had created, and good feeling was restored. The Tariff bill was then taken up, and several amendments offered by its opponents were rejected, and several offered by Mr. Mckinley were adopted.

In the Senate, on the 20th, after routine business, the bill reported from the judiciary committee subjecting imported liquors to the provisions of the laws of the several States, was taken up, and Messrs. Wilson, Ingalls, Hoar and Edmunds spoke in favor of, and Messrs. Vest, Gray, Reagan and others against it. Remarks in eulogy of the character and public services of Mr. Kelley were made by Senators Cameron, Morrill, Reagan, Sherman, Hampton, Hawley and Daniel, after which, as a further mark of respect, the Senate adjourned In the House the Tariff bill was taken up in committee of the whole, and occupied the time of the entire session, many amendments offered by the opponents of the bill being rejected, and several offered by Mr.

McKinley adopted. In the Senate, on the 21st, after the transwas made to resume consideration of the Liquor bill, but it failed and Mr. Stewart proceeded to speak on the Silver bill, Notices of several amendments to be offered were given. The Silver bill was then laid aside informally and the Liquor bill was taken up and briefly discussed but without action....In the House the discussion of the Tariff bill ended by limitation, and Mr. Mc. Kinley demanded the previous question and moved the third reading and egrossment of the bill. A resolution offered by Mr. Carlisle instructing the ways and means committee to submit a substitute for the bill was voted down and the bill was then

passed: Yeas, 164; mays, 142. In the Senate, on the 22d, the credentials of Senator-elect Calvin S. Brice were presented. The Silver bill was then taken up and discussed by Messrs, Daniel, Sherman and Stewart. The Naval Appropriation bill was briefly discussed, but laid aside without action, and after a short executive session the Senate adjourned......In the House the bill amendatory of the Census act, prescribing penalties upon giver or receiver of bribes to supervisors or enumerators, was assed. A bill was passed appropriating \$30,000 to supply a deficiency in the appro priation for public printing and binding. The House then went into committee of the whole on the River and Harbor Appropria-

In the Senate, on the 23d, after business of minor importance had been transacted, consideration of the Naval Appropriation bill was resumed and several amendments were discussed and rejected. The Tariff bill was received from the House and referred to the committee on finance. The bill providing for loans by the Government upon agricultural lands was discussed and referred. In the House, after routine business, the River and Harbor Appropriation bill was taken up in committee of the whole. Wo tions to increase the appropriations for local and unimportant improvements were voted down, except in the case of the paragraph appropriating \$300,000 for the construction of the Hennepin Canal, pending consideration of which the committee arose

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

NANCY DEMIRE, in attempting to dedication of the Soldiers' and Sailors' | Erie road at Leavittsburgh, O., on the 20th, stepped in front of a train going 23d. There was a grand parade, and east and was decapitated. A brake-Governor Ladd and many prominent man who tried to save her lost an arm. same place and under similar circumstances a few weeks before.

THE Secretary of War has denied the of property. request of the Kansas City National Drill and Encampment Association for a detail of troops and the loan of tents for the National encampment, to be held at Kansas City, Mo., in June.

LIEUTENANT H. R. LEMLY, of the double tragedy. United States army, has been granted permission to accept from the Government of the Republic of Colombia a position as instructor in the National

Military School at Bogota. THE feeling in the Russian army is strongly in favor of war, not with any body in particular, but with somebody,

Patrick Hynes, of Greenport, L. I. for two terms National treasurer of the

accounts with the order. Philadelphia, shot his wife, on the 20th, with the larceny of \$15,000 of the relief and then committed suicide with poison. Mrs. Marquardt will recover. She was

employed in Wanamaker's store. A serious collision between the sen, Bohemia, occurred on the 20th, in which five of the strikers were killed

and seven wounded. Large numbers of respectable young of the Queensland Government. They are kept free of cost after landing until proper employment is obtained.

CAL WOOD, who was suspected of the murder of Leander Pasco, at Glens Falls, N. Y., confessed his guilt on the were very low. The doctor can not be 20th. He says that he had no accomplice in the crime, but secreted himself beside a path in the woods and when Pasco walked past he shot him in the back. The Wood and Pasco families had long been at feud with each other. forks of the Kennebec river in Maine, was carried away, on the 21st, and a rise of from five to ten feet in the river occurred. About 5,000,000 logs belong-

and it will now be a difficult matter to Maskep burglars entered the house Chase, of Washington, secretary. Alist of Judge Cornes, of Debreezin, Hungary, which they had found in an old brush of honorary vice-presidents, one from on the night of the 19th, hacked the heap. Willie Trantor had his right eye each State represented in the conven- Judge to death with knives in the pres- blown out, and pieces of tin and iron ence of his niece, bound the terrified girl hand and foot, plundered the house

of a large quantity of valuable property, and escaped. of Duluth, Minn., secured some

flames. She died an hour later. THE Navy Department, on the 21st, formally accepted the dynamite cruiser stores, shops and dwellings, were burned Vesuvius from the contractors, the at Port Leyder, N. Y., on the 25th.

volver, blew out his brains and fell | HALF A MILLION dollars will be indead at the feet of his would-be captor. | vested in the erection of a tin-plate mill in the vicinity of Pittsburgh. Pa. if drowned by the capsizing of their boat

favor of Morgan, Democrat, sitting | The Robbins' circus train was wreck- dent was caused by the inexperience of member from the Second district of ed at three o'clock on the morning of the men who were rowing the boat. Mississippi; the second in favor of the 22d, near the junction of the Nashua Langston, Republican, contestee from & Rochester and Boston & Lowell railthe Fourth Virginia district, and the roads. One car full of carriages jumped | the statute of the late Vice-President third in favor of Miller, Republican. | the track and the rest of the train was | Hendricks at Indianapolis, Ind. | Senator contestee from the Seventh district of piled up in a total wreck. The loss was David Turpie will deliver the principal heavy.

INSTRUCTIONS were sent from the

Preasury Department, on the 21st, to the commander of the "Bear" at Seattle, Wash., to proceed to Alaskan waters on her usual annual voyage of protection to the seal fisheries.

MRS. FLORENCE R., wife of ex-Judge Murat Masterson, of Prescott, Ariz., fell dead in the Grand Union Hotel in New York City on the 21st. She had just vainly sought a reconciliation with her husband.

THE British Government has demanded a full explanation General Sir Frederick Middleton's connection with the looting of Half-breed Bremmer's furs during the late Northwest rebelion. A HAND-CAR on the East Tennessee, Zirginia & Georgia railroad was run down eight miles west of Jellico, Tenn.,

men were killed and two who were fatally injured have since died. The largest freight house of the New York Central railroad, located at Albany, was burned on the night of the 22d. Nothing was saved. The building was a frame structure 100x300 feet, and was filled with general merchandise. Loss,

on the 20th, by a freight train. Two

\$175,000; insurance, \$90,000. THE New Jersey Senate, on the 22d, unseated Senator McDonald, Democrat, of Hudson County, whose seat was conaction of unimportant matters, an effort tested by W. S. Stuhr, Fusion candidate. This was the result of a long and exciting investigation into the election

in Hudson County. On the 22d Aldermen Drady, Macey, Sheldon, Morris, Eagan, Weitz, Hammer and Smith, of Des Moines, Ia., were indicted by the grand jury for malfeasance in office. Drady was also indicted for obtaining money by false

pretenses. CLARENCE F. JEWETT, president of the C. F. Jewett Publishing Company, of Boston, has disappeared after an alleged crooked issue of \$75,000 worth of stock of the company.

MR. AND MRS. WALTER DAMROSCH, were passengers by the steamship Columbia, which sailed from New York, on the 22d, for Hamburg. Mrs. Damrosch, nee Blaine, is said to have looked extremely happy. THE two hundred and fiftieth anni-

on the 22d. The place was handsomely decorated, and processions, dinners and iterary exercises marked the occasion. REV. CHAUNCEY REYNOLDS, of Hills ale, Mich., died, on the 22d, at the ag

college for thirty years. tenced to three years in the Albany lows:

etters. FAILURES for the seven days ended on the 23d numbered: For the United things. He must be a free white male per States, 190; for Canada, 32; total, 222; son, of good moral character, industrious compared with 212 the previous week. habits, and possessed of some known repu-For the corresponding week last year table means of support, and free from disease, not under 21 years of age, and a residight from a west-bound train on the the figures were 207 in the United dent of the State of Missouri at least six

near Seven Mile, O., shot and killed his adopted by the Grand Lodge in 1884, in son George, aged twenty-five years, on elucidation of this law, the business of The woman's husband was killed at the the 23d, and then blew his own brains saloon-keeping was designated as not out with a revolver. The shooting was being a reputable means of support, the result of a quarrel over a division as is required of applicants for mem-

panions with him were badly stunned. THE Supreme Court of the United States adjourned, on the 23d, until the October term.

ONE Italian was killed and three everely injured in a collision between signed his position, on the 21st, to go to Bulgaria, Servia and Austria in the gravel trains on the Consolidated road at Lyme, Conn., on the 23d.

The cruiser Charleston was sent from San Francisco to Honolulu, it is said, Ancient Order of Hibernians, has been at the request of the American Minismissing for some time and it is alleged | ter to Hawaii, and the fact that trouble that there is a shortage of \$2,400 in his is possible on the convening of the Hawaiian Legislature and the instala-Ludwig Marquardt, an artist of tion of new members and officers is the N.R. reason for the request.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

In the Senate, on the 24th, the crestriking colliers and the troops at Pil- lentials of Hon. John G. Carlisle as Senator for the unexpired term of Senator Beck, deceased, were presented and placed on file. The Naval Appropriatien bill was taken up, and the amend-English women are being shipped to ment reported from the committee on Queensland, Australia, at the expense appropriations striking out the item of \$50,000 for the improvement of the plant at the Portsmouth (N. H.) Navy-Yard was rejected. A like amendment in reference to the League Island Navy-Yard met similar action. A motion to strike out the provision for three seagoing coast-line battle-ships was made, but not acted upon when the Senate adjourned In the House, after routine business, the River and Harbor bill was aken up in committee of the whole. The motion to strike out the appropriation for the Hennepin canal was lost. THE Moxie dam, at the outlet of An amendment reducing the appropria-Moxie pond, a body of water about six tion for the improvement of the Mismiles long and two miles wide, near the sissippi river from the head of the passes to the mouth of the river from \$2,000,000 to \$1,000,000 was adopted. After eulogies of the late David Wilbur,

of New York, the House adjourned. ing to different parties are in the lake JOSEPH AND WILLIE TRANTOR and Austin Peterson were terribly cut and mangled at Bradford, Pa., on the 24th, by the explosion of a torpedo squib imbedded in his flesh, being fatally

injured. Peterson will survive. THE Indians of Northern British Columbia "bury" their dead by hanging Lawrence P. Harrigan has been made civil and political institutions. Un- claims that the pistol caught in his A LITTLE daughter of Henry Haskins, them in large trees. Terrible excitement, reaching almost to the point of matches, on the 21st, and went up- rebelion, has been caused by the burnstairs to play with them. After a time ing of a grove containing the remains her mother smelled smoke, and rushing of three hundred of the Siwash tribe by up-stairs found the child enveloped in white hunters. The dried bodies burned

like tar barrels. THERTY buildings, including a hotel, months in the village, which is almost

A PARTY of eight persons were THE House committee on elections de- the McKinley Tariff bill passes. It will in the rough waters of the bay at Fall River, Mass., on the 24th. The acci-

JULY 1 has been selected as the day upon which will occur the unvailing of oration.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

The Frisco Sold.

The following appeared in a recent issue of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The Frisco road has passed to the control of the Atchison. This important announcement will create great surprise. The annual neeting took place in St Louis a few days ago and the new board of directors organ-ized in New York a day or so later. There have been various Walt street rumors afloat concerning the property for some time past, and it has been said that a Gould-Hontington programme was at hand. a Boston rumor was to the effect that neg tiations were pending for a lease of the Frisco by the Atchison. It was never suped that leading stockholders putting their heads together for an absolute sale of the property to the Atchison. The effect of this can scarcely be told at present. It may mean that the Pennsylvania has a hand in the transaction for extending its system west of the Mississippi, and it is not improbable that the Chicago & Alton will ultimately take part in the combination, giving that system a trans-missouri connec-

In the shape which it assumes at present the Atchison absorption of the 'Frisco system can only be regarded as a heavy blow at the Gould Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain system, and it will give much strength to the Atchison business in the Southwest, For a long time it was felt that C. P. Huntington would eventually acquire the 'Frisco for the purpose of extending his Houston and Texas Central system northward and forming a Southern Pacific transcontinental line. The failure of the Atchison voting trust scheme has been a factor in the latest deal of the Atchison, and it would certainly appear that for once a gigantic Western scheme has been carried out without the knowledge of Mr. Jay Gould.

Missouri Odd Fellows.

The Grand Lodge of the Missouri Odd Fellows held its fifty-second annual tary's report shows:

ount of revenue ... Paid for the education of orphans.. Paid for burying the dead..... 4,896,50 Paid for special relief Total amount of relief paid...... \$55,721 00 Amount of money in treasury.....\$ 77,475 00 Amount of investments........... 518,110 00

Odd Fellows and Liquor Men. At the recent session of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of Missouri at St. versary of the incorporation of Brain- | Louis, Grand Master De Bolt, in his antree, Mass., was coebrated in that city | nual report, recommended a thorough enforcement of a section of the constitution which, according to the general interpretation thereof, would exclude saloon-keepers from membership in the order. The committee having this porof eighty-five years. He was one or tion of the grand master's report under the founders of the Michigan Central consideration made a report sustaining College at Spring Arbor, now Hillsdale | the recommendation of the grand mas-College, and had been a trustee of the ter, and which was adopted by the Grand Lodge. The section of the con-ABRAM BOGARDUS, superintendent of stitution of subordinate lodges which mails at Rochester, N. Y., was sen was cited by the grand master is as fol-

penitentiary, on the 22d, for embezzling | To become initiated into any lodge in the State of Missouri, the applicant must believe in the existence of a Supreme Being. creator, preserver and governor of al months preceding his application

PATRICK MALLOY, a farmer living By a long resolution, which was bership. The grand master, in com-L. N. McMahon, a farmer living near | menting upon the section of the consti-Green Isle, Minn., shot his wife and tution and the resolution, said: "If sathen himself on the 23d. His wife had loon-keeping is not reputable, how can left him some time ago, and her refusal a man be considered of moral character that presumption could not be overto return to him was the cause of the and be engaged in a disreputable business?" The enforcement of this rule WILLIAM FURMAN was struck by will doubtless be begun at once, alightning and instantly killed at Wash- though it is thought that no unnecesington, Pa., on the 23d. Three com- sarily hasty action will be taken in the its passage. matter.

> Death of Major William Gentry. Major William Gentry died at his res-

idence near Sedalia a few nights ago of

Major Gentry was well-known throughout the State, having been prominently connected for years with political and railroad matters. He was born in Howard County, in ISIS. He was elected county judge of Pettis County in 1858, and held the office and has held the position ever since. In 1874 he ran for Governor on the People's ticket, and was defeated by C. H. Hardin. He was a member of General Smith Post, G.

Clerk and Money Gone. Elzo Allan, confidential clerk of the Austin Investment Company, of Kansas

City, has gone; so has \$20,000 of the company's funds. Missouri's Wheat Crop. Judging from dispatches received from grain men throughout the State, says a Kansas City special, the reported damage to the wheat crop has been somewhat exaggerated. The reported dam-

age comes mostly from the northeastern

part of the State, where the acreage is small. As a whole, the dispatches are encouraging and the indications are excelent that this year's crop will equal that of the past year, 30,000,000 bushels. A Wife-Murderer Convicted. Louis Bulling, the wife-murderer, was found guilty of murder in the first degree by a jury at Savannah. The jury was out two hours. This is the fourth | and they do not embrace the privileges time Bulling has been tried; three times he was found guilty of murder in the | State.

first degree and once the jury failed to The Brewers.

'The United States Brewers' Association held its thirty-first annual session in Washington, and St. Louis and other Missouricities were well represented The brewers object to an increase of duty on hops.

Changes in St. Louis, George Burnett has been elected president of the St. Louis Board of Public Improvements to fill the vacancy caused by the appointment of Mr. Fladd to the duced to rank of captain.

A Journalist's Sudden Death. William E. Baker, a well-known journalist, died suddenly while on duty at the Herald office, St. Joseph, the other night. The exact cause of death is not known. Mr. Baker formerly held a position on the Kansas City Times.

A Shortage at Kansas City. William Peake, treasurer of Kansas City, is short in his accounts. He was suspended by Mayor Holmes after a hasty examination of his books, which showed that he is indebted to the city \$22,206,16. He claims that he was ignorant that any shortage existed, and asserts that he has neither gambled with nor squandered the city's money.

Ex-Confederates' Graves.

The ex-Confederates' Association of Kansas City is improving and embelishing the ex-Confederates' buying ground near that place.

NO HOPE FOR KEMMLER.

Writ of Error Denied by the United States Supreme Court.

The Decision Delivered by Chief-Justice Fuller-All Resourses Having Been Exhausted, Kemmler will Now be Electrocuted.

Washington, May 24.—By a decision of the Supreme Court of the United States yesterday the last hope for life afforded William Kemmler, the New York murderer under sentence of death by electricity, was banished, and he will accordingly be executed in conformity with the new law governing decision was on an application for a writ made by Roger M. Sherman, of son of any previous year. The passage of argued last Tuesday. The court was unanimous in denving the application. Chief Justice Fuller read the deand severally went over the points made by Kemmler's counsel, and ended by stating that the court had no hesitacision of the New York Court of Ago- form as to disturb the finances peals.

The court reviews the history of the enactment of the law, beginning with the statement contained in the annual message of the Governor of New York, January 16, 1885. The section of the Constitution of New York relating to also quoted. This provision had its session in St. Louis. The grand secre- origin in the act of Parliament of 1688, "declaring the rights and liberties of the subject and settling the succession of the crown." "This declaration of rights," says the court, "had reference to acts of the executive and judicial degland; but the language in question as used in the Constitution of the State of State, to whose centrol the punishment of crime was almost wholly confined So that if the punishment prescribed for an offense against the laws of the State were manifestly cruel and unusual, as burning at the stake, crucifixion, breaking on the wheel, disemboweling or hanging in chains, it would be the duty of the courts to adjudge such penalties to be within the constitutional inhibition. And we think this equally true of the Eighth amendment in its application to Congress.

> Punishments are cruel because they involve torture or a lingering death; but the punishment of death is not ada. cruel within the meaning of that word as used in the Constitution. It implies there some thing inhuman and barbarous, some thing more than the mere causing of dissolution. The courts of New York hold that the mode adopted in this instance might be said to be uncould not be assumed to be cruel in the light of that common knowledge which has stamped certain punishment as such; that it was for the Legislature to say in what manner sentence of death should be executed; that this act was passed in the effort to devise a more numane method of reaching the result; that the courts were bound to presume that the Legislature was possessed of the facts upon which it took action and by the evidence taken under the statute threwn. They indeed went further, and expressed the opinion that upon evidence, the Legislature had attained by the act the object it had in view in

The decision of the State courts sustaining the validity of the act under the State Constitution is not re-examinable here nor was that decision against any title, right, privilege or immunity especially set up or claimed by the petitioner under the Constitution of the United States.

"Treating it as involving an adjudication that the statute was not repugnant to the Federal Constitution, that conclusion was so plainly right that we should not be justified in allowing the writ upon the ground that error might have supervened therein.

"The Fourteenth amendment did not radically change the whole theory of the relations of the State and Federal governments to each other and of both governments to the people. The same person may be at the same time a citizens of the United States and a citizen of a State. Protection to life, liberty and property rests with the States, and the amendment furnishes an additional guarantee against any encroachment by the States upon those fundamental rights which belong to every citizen as a member of society; but which rights the State governments were created to establish and secure. The privileges and immunities of citizens of the United States as distinguished from the privileges and immunities of the citizens of the States, indeed, are protected by it; but those are privileges and immunities arising out of the nature and essential character of the National Government, and immunities of the citizens of the

"As due process of law in the Fifth amendment referred to that law of the John Huling, aged twenty-seven, Mrs. land which derives its authority from Della Mannel, aged twenty-one, and the Legislative powers conferred upon | Miss Mamie Huling, aged sixteen, were Congress by the Constitution of the rowing in a canvas-decked boat on United States, exercised within the Davisville pond this afternoon when limits therein prescribed, and inter- the craft suddenly filled. Mrs. Mannel preted according to the principles of and Miss Huling were drowned, but the Common law, so in the Fourteenth Mrs. Huling escaped by clinging to her amendment the same words refer to dog, which swam with her to shore. that law of the land in each State which derives its authority from the inherent and reserved powers of the State, exerted within the limits of those fundamental principles of liberty and jus- his wife dead yesterday at their resi-Mississippi River Commission, and tice which lie at the base of all our dence No. 102 Forty-third street. He thick mutton chops. chief of police and Chief Huebler re- doubtedly the amendment forbids any clothing as he was taking off his coat Queen's invalid son, took a regular arbitrary deprivation of life, liberty or and was accidentally discharged. course as hospital nurse and has just reproperty, and secures equal protection There were no witnesses to the tragedy. to all under like circumstances in the The couple were not known to have enjoyment of their rights; and in the administration of criminal justice requires that no different or higher punishment shall be imposed upon one that such as is prescribed for all for like of- and several Cabinet officers and their fenses, but it was not designed to inter- wives made a trip to Mount Vernon yesfere with the power of the State to protect the lives, liberties and property of Board of Regents of the Mount Vernon its citizens, and to promote their health, Association. Several hours were spent peace, morals, education and good or- at Mount Vernon, and then late in the

"The enactment of this statute was, in ington. itself, within the legitimate sphere of the Legislative power of the State, and in the observance of those general rules privileges or immunities of the peti- the request-

tioner or deprived him of due process of

"In order to reverse the judgment of the higher court of the State of New York we should be compeled to hold that it had committed an error so gross as to amount in law to a cenial by the State of due process of law to one accused of crime. We have no hesitation in saving that this we can not do upon the record before us."

THE COMMERCIAL WORLD.

The Week's Jusiness and the Outlook as Reported by R. G. Dun & Co.

NEW YORK, May 23.-K. G. Dun &

lo.'s weekly review of trade says:

All the ordinary business indications grow more favorable. While speculation in some lines is active, possibly nearing the executions in New York State. The point of danger, it is undeniable that the volume of legitimate business is, on the whole, greater than it has been at this sea-New York, counsel for Kemmler, the Tariff bill by the House gives increased hopes of higher prices and larger trade in some branches, but does not yet affect most markets at all, the action of the Senate being uncertain. Discussion on the Silver vill cision in full. He reviewed the case gives no clear indication yet of the probable outcome, but the general confidence that is some way a great enlargement of currency is coming continues unabated, and while some regard the ultimate results with tion in saying that they could not, on apprehension, there are few who realize the record as presented, reverse the de- that the measure might take such speedily. Even these rest in faith that the sense of responsibility will check. Money is comparatively easy and commercial credit undisturbed. The reports from other cities are more encouraging than usual. At Chicago the movement of grain and meats exceed last year's. The dry-goods trade is good, though not up to last year's; liberal orders for boots and shoes and larger sales "cruel and unusual punishments" is than for some time are noted, but there is a slight relapse in clothing. The money market is unchanged, and the prospect seems good. St. Louis reports favorably as to all lines of trade. At Milwaukee and St. Paul trade is good. Rains throughout the northwest have improved the crop prospects, and business at Omaha and Kansas City is up to the average. Some dullness at Detroit because of cool weather. But at these partments of the government of Enthere is apparently much confusion in the New York was intended particularly to noted that labor strikes are nowhere menoperate upon the Legislature of the tioned as causing disturbance in trade. Pig iron is higher and Bessemer July \$1 per ton with manufactured fron stronger. It seems scarcely credible that the enormous production is met by a consumption, but the tone of markets is better and it must be remembered that the surprising activity in building has not been checked to any extent. Nothing favorable can be reported of the woolen manufacturer or the trade in woolens except that makers appear to have adjusted themselves to the situation and though buyers only for present needs are still buying, with hope that any change may lessen foreign competition. Failures for the last seven days numbered:

For the United States, 190; Canada, 32; total, 227; compared with 212 last week. For the corresponding week last year the figures were 207 in the United States and 25 in Can-

General Middleton's Successor. Chicago, May 23.-At 12.15 this morning Mrs. Wilhelmixa Catherine Thiesin. the wife of Jabob Thiesin, a saloonkeeper, at the southeast corner of Harrison and Jefferson streets, was found asual because it was new, but that it lying on the floor in a rear room of the saloon with a bullet in her head. The woman was taken to the county hospital and her husband locked in Maxwell Street station. Their little daughter, five years old, says her mother shot herself. Their little boy about three years old, lisped that his father shot her. Both Thiesin and his wife had been drinking. The doctor who was called and dressed the wound is of the opinion that the woman can not recever:

Terrible Domestic Tragedy.

NEW YORK, May 23.-A Toronto (Ont.) special to the Herald says: Lieutenant-Colonel Dennison, it is rumored here, is to succeed General Sir Frederick Middleton as commander of Canadian militia. Dennison some years ago won the prize, open to the world, offered by the Russian Government for the best treatise on cavalry tactics. General Middleton, it will be remembered, was found guilty by a committee of investigation of having illegally seized and appropriated part of Brimmer's furs in Manitoba during the Riel rebelion.

A Bad Wreck on the Nickel-Plate. Pittsburgh, Pa., May 24.—A special to the Times from Erie, Pa., says: A cloud-burst in this vicinity yesterday flooded the roads and burst railroad culverts on all lines of railroad.

A west-bound freight on the Nickel-Plate railroad went through a bridge at Vrayton, near the Ohio State line. Engineer Ellis and Fireman Nicholson, with Head Brakeman Johnston, went down in the mass of engine and twentyfive cars. All came out alive, but the engineer will die. The bridge was a wooden structure 150 feet in length.

Naval Changes. Washington, May 24.—Secretary Tracy yesterday appointed Captain Robert L. Phythian, superintendent of the Naval Academy at Annapolis, and ordered Captain Frederick McNair to relieve Captain Phythian as Superintendent of the Naval Observatory here on June 30 next. Captain Sampson, at present superintendent of the Naval Academy, when relieved will go to command the cruiser San Francisco, on

the Pacific coast. Saved by the Dog-Two Ladies Drowned. PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 23.-Mrs.

Looks Suspicious.

BROOKLYN, May 24 .- David J. Cotter, keeper of an employment agency, shot quarreled. Cotton is under arrest.

A Trip to Mount Vernon. WASHINGTON, May 24.-Mrs. Harrison terday on the Dispatch to meet the afternoon the party returned to Wash-

Gone to Honolulu.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 24.—A special sons of a poor carpenter, and they are prescribed by our system of jurispru- from Mare Island says: The cruiser now members of his household at Stockdence; and the Legislature of the State | Charleston was sent to Honolulu at the | holm. of New York determined that it did not request of the American Minister to inflict cruel and unusual punishment, Hawaii, and the fact that trouble is posand its courts have sustained that de- sible on the convening of the Hawaiian termination. We can not perceive that Legislature and the instalation of new the State has thereby abridged the members and officers is the reason for

THE APPROPRIATIONS.

Conservative Statesmen Getting Uneasy at the Magnitude of the Footings of the Appropriations of the Current Session of Congress - Some of the Present and Prospective Figures.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—Conservative

members of Congress are beginning to feel a little uneasy about the way the appropriation bills are piling up this session. The amount of appropriations on bills already passed and pending point to an aggregate that will exceed Government revenues by many millions during the coming fiscal year. Government revenue from all sources for the year, including the postal revenue, was placed by the Treasury Department recently at \$450,400,000. The regular annual appropriations bills, exclusive of deficiencies, will amount to about \$323,000,000, and the permanent appropriations, including the sinking fund, will reach \$101,600,000. The deficiency bills will, according to the estimates of the members of the Senate appropriations committee be at least \$31,000,000. That makes an aggregate of \$455,600,000 of appropriations exclusive of the Dependent Pension bill, which, if it becomes a law as passed by the Senate, will call for \$26,-000,000. Appropriations for the increase of the navy as passed by the House amount to \$8,000,000. There has been \$1,500,000 appropriated for the World's Fair. If the River and Harbor bill and the Galveston Harbor bill and the one for the lake channel between the upper and lower lakes are all passed that will make \$32,000,000 more to be added to the appropriations.

The miscellaneous appropriations at the last short session amounted to \$10,-255,795 and they are likely to amount to a good deal more at this session, as the public building bills already reported in the House carry an aggregate appropriation of \$14,000,000, to say nothing of the Senate bills, but if the miscellaneous appropriations carry only the same amount as at the last sess on, the total of appropriations will amount to \$547,355,550, leaving a deficiency of \$97,000,000. These figures and estimates leave out of sight possible appropriations for coast defenses, the Directtax bill and many other purposes which, if made, will swell the deficit next year considerably above one hundred mill-

CHINA AND JAPAN.

Earthquake Shocks - Arrested for the Murder of a Missionary - A Delirious Miser's Crime - Eulogies on Marquis Tseng-Fast Time on a Japanese Railway. Etc.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 25 .- The steamship Belgic, with advices from Hong Kong and Yokohama, arrived here yesterday. According to the Japan Mail (newspaper) about one hundred earthquakes occurred on the Miyake Island in the Idzu group, April 17 to 19. Landslides also occurred in various parts of the country by which a number of houses were destroyed.

A number of persons have been arrested charged with the murder of Rev. T. A. Large, a Methodist missionary.

The Shanghai Mercury contains an secount of the murder by a miser named Chang of his wife, son and daughter, while delirous from fever. The bodies of the victims were horribly mutilated. Chang subsequently committed suicide. The Chinese papers all laud the virtues of the late Marquis Tseng. An imperial decree, issued on the 25th of April, states that the deceased always had the welfare of China at heart, and laments the death of such a faithful

The fastest time on a Japanese railroad was made last month, when a train earried the Emperor of Japan from Tokio to Nagova, a distance of 224 miles, in nine and one-half hours, including

Fully a half million of people visited the National Japanese Exhibition during April. The receipts aggregated \$56,000. It is believed that the exhibition will re-open in August.

TRAIN ON TIME.

The Erratic George Francis Beats the World-Circling Record.

TACOMA, Wash., May 25.-George Francis Train stepped from a Union Pacific train at 6:45 p. m. yest@day, completing the fastest trip ever made around the world. He was gone sixtyseven days, thirteen hours and three minutes, but his actual traveling time was over thirty-six hours less, he having stopped that length of time in New York. He was in a great rage because some one robbed him at Huntington, Ore., Friday morning of 8600, and because the Tacoma people did not furnish him a special train from New York to Tacoma over the Northern Pacific.

A New Mexican Town Burned by Tramps. ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., May 25.-Fire set by tramps has destroyed every house in the city of Coolidge, N. M., except the railroad eating-house and the depot building. The tramps had been loitering around town for several days and were infuriated because citizens had made preparations to drive them out. For three days they had held control of the town. Tribute was levied on the stores, the demands being emphazised by a show of weapons. Finally the residents were driven to wage war in self-defense. Their resistance enraged the tramps, and in retaliation fires were started among the buildings. Before the ashes of the town were cool a posse of citizens on horseback were in pursuit. of the tramps, and lynchings are probable. The leader of the tramps is believed to be Black Rube, a half-breed and hard character.

TOLD OF THE TITLED.

KING HUMBERT of Italy affects to be English, and calls for rare steak and

THE Duchess of Albany, widow of the ceived her diploma.

MARGARET of Savoy, the silver-haired Duchess Dowager of Genoa, mother of the Queen of Italy, despite her age and rank, walks to church like the poorest working woman of the town. THE ex-Empress Augusta of Germany

left Lady-in-Waiting Fraulein von

Reindorf, who has been in her service

nearly fifty years, a legacy of \$12,500. Another lady-in-waiting received \$7,-THE Crown Prince of Sweden and Norway, during his recent stay in Meran, adopted two little Tyrolese boys,

KI, o CHARLES of Roumania is fifty one years old and gives most of his time to military affairs. He has a salary of

\$200,000 and doesn't want to go into any movement for the adjustment or unification of wages.